





In its historical rooms, the Alte Stadtapotheke in Miltenberg on Main, Hauptstraße 116, founded in 1514 and in existence for more than 500 years, now houses an Apothecary Museum.

The history of this exceptionally early apothecary is presented by showing instruments, receptacles and documents.

With numerous exhibits, the Museum also explains the development of health care and the essence of apothecaries from ancient times until today.





## APOTHECARY MUSEUM MILTENBERG

## Address:

Hauptstraße 116 (Pedestrian zone, parking spaces along the river Main) 63897 Miltenberg

## Opening hours:

Thursday & Friday: 13 - 17 hrs Saturday: 11 - 15 hrs

Email contact for guided tours:

info@apothekenmuseum-miltenberg.de www.apothekenmuseum-miltenberg.de





Herbal reference book by Matthiolus (1563)

The museum displays a number of herbal and medical reference books. Browse through facsimile prints and further books in a small reading corner. Upon request, you will be served an espresso or





Glass jar from the Dom Apotheke Merseburg, 1740



Glass jar from an unknown apothecary (pharmacy) in Germany, around 1760



Albarello, Italy (Faenza), around 1540

A special focus is placed on the presentation of historical receptacles made out of glass and wood from Italy, France and Spain. During the Renaissance in the 15th and 16th century, there was a special boom of art and also of the equipment of apothecaries. Numerous examples for this are on display in the exhibition.

Furthermore, a number of examples and exhibits tell the story and history of especially interesting medical plants.







Wooden boxes for dried drugs, around 1800

There is an extensive display of beautifully designed wooden boxes and prescription books for dried herbal medicines found in the archives of the Alte Stadtapotheke. These show that apothecaries did not only produce medicine but also things like blackboard paint, beard or shoe shine or ink.

Old laboratory utensils and glass stills give an insight into the production of medicines in former centuries.





Distilling flasks made of clay and glass found in the attic of the Alte Stadtapotheke